DEFENSIVE AND COMPETITIVE BIDDING	
OVERCALLS (Style: Responses: 1/2 Level; Reopening)	
1 level overcalls approximately 6-15. Almost always a 5+ suit	
2 level overcalls approximately 10-15 Always a 5+ suit	
In the reopening position bids are usually about 3 points weaker	
Transfer responses to simple overcalls [D1]	
Defences to Brown/HUMS [
1NT OVERCALL (2 nd /4 th Live; Responses; Reopening)	
15-18 can be off-shape	
12-15 in the reopening position. Hold can be marginal	
Similar responses to 1NT Opening, but no EG Peley	
Similar responses to 1NT Opening, but no FG Relay	
JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT)	
5 card suit 9-13HCP/11-15 opposite PH. Range can extend 9-17	
Depending on vulnerability	
DIRECT & JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Response; Reopen)	
1M-Cue=5+-5+ oM+minor 9-13 HCP. (PH 11-15)	
1m-Cue=5+-5+ om+ 4 9-13 HCP. (PH 11-15)	
1m-Jump Cue= 5+-5+M 9-13 HCP. (PH 11-15)	
1M Jump Cue = Ask for stop. Looking for 3NT Gambling style	
VS. NT (vs. Strong/Weak; Reopening; PH)	
X=5+♥16+ HCP or 4+♥ & 4+other 11+HCP	
*/♦= 4+bid suit & 4+ 11+HCP	
2 = 5 + and 11 - 15 HCP $2 = 5 + and 11 + HCP$	
2NT =5+/5+minors 11+HCP or any big 2 suiter	
Can be lighter with better shape or in pass out seat	
VS.PREEMPTS (Doubles; Cue-bids; Jumps; NT Bids)	
Mostly a natural style with takeout doubles and natural NT calls[A	21
Leaping Michaels used over natural $2 \checkmark$ and \bigstar bids [A3]	<u>~</u>]
Over $2 \blacklozenge$ Multi an overcall of $2 \lor$ is short in hearts	
VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS- i.e. 14 or 24	
Over 1♣ X=5+♦or 4+/4+M 1♦=5+♥or 4+/4+black, 1♥=5+♠or 4+/4+m, 1♠=5+♣or 4+/4+reds,1NT=4+/4+oddsuits	
Higher jumps=more distribution All=5-13HCP	
ingnor Jumps-more distribution / in-5-151101	
OVER OPPONENTS' TAKEOUT DOUBLE	
Over 14 and relays extra relay steps are created by the double	
contraction of the second state of the second of the double	t

		LEA	DS AND SIGN	IALS	
OPENI	NG LEA	DS STYLE [
		Lead	1	In Part	ner's Suit
Suit		1 st 3 rd 5 th (rat			
NT		1 st 3 rd 5 th (ra		Same	
Subseq		Attitude		Same	
Other: I	f we are	leading a suit	in which partne	r already	knows the exact
			d an attitude ca		
LEADS	-				
Lead		Vs. Suit		Vs. NT	
Ace		AK or Shorta	ige	AK or	Shortage
King		AKJ or KQ o			KQ or Shortage
Queen		KQT or QJ o	r Shortage	KQT o	r QJ(T/9) or Shortage
Jack	JT or KJT or				
10		Top / Top In	terior / Short		Cop Interior / Short
Hi-X		1 st 3 rd 5 th or A	Attitude	1 st 3 rd 5	5 th or Attitude
Lo-X		1 st 3 rd 5 th or A	Attitude	1 st 3 rd 5	5 th or Attitude
SIGNAI	LS IN O	RDER OF PF	RIORITY		
	Partner'	s Lead	Declarer's Lea	ıd	Discarding
=	On parts	ners lead we	1 Reverse Count if		
Suit =	give Reverse Count		we choose to signal it		Reverse Attitude 2. Possible. Suit Pref
	Reverse Attitude or		2. Possible. Suit Pref		2. POSSIDIE. Suit Fiel
	Standard Suit Pref		1 Davana Count if		
	based on whatever		1 Reverse Count if		Descence Attitude
	NT = we think needs to be		we choose to signal it 2. Possible. Suit Pref		Reverse Attitude
= signalled			2. Possible. Su	ut Pref	2. Possible. Suit Pref
-		g Trumps):			
High/Lo	w in Tru	mps = Like op	bening lead		
			DOUBLES		
			e; Responses; 1	-	0.
					, particularly majors
		-	ows extra streng		
In the re	opening	position doub	les are usually	about 3 p	points weaker
SPECIA	L, ART	IFICIAL & (COMPETITIV	'E DBLS	S/RDLS
		shows Hearts			
				d 1♣ = (0-6 (0-3 if passed)
		ouble = 0-6 (0)	_		
			redouble show		-
1NT-Do	uble-Red	louble is taked	out on a 1 suited	l hand. (l	Puppet to 🌲) [A1]

	W B F CONVENTION CARD
N F	CATEGORY: Red NCBO: New Zealand PLAYERS: Patrick <u>Carter</u> Julie <u>Atkinson</u> EVENT Mixed
	SYSTEM SUMMARY
1	Strong Club relay system
	 ^{8/2nd} position. 1♣–15+any shape ♦ RESP 7-9/7+HCP less than 3 AK CTRL, 1♥ RESP 0-6HCP.
	,
	A+ 3+CTRL ART shape responses Controls- A=2, K=1 Singleton Kings not counted
)	-14 1 • ART, 1M5+ opening 1NT 11-14(4333/4432)
3 11	3/4 opening1 ♣ −18+any shape 1♦ART 13-17/2♣/2♦/2NT new neanings. Other bids similar but stronger. PH RESP weaker
1	NT 15-17 can be off-shape
	SPECIAL BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE DEFENSE
	2. 1 st /2 nd 4. and a 4-5 card RED suit 7-10 HCP [C1]
	• MULTI 6 card Major 4-8 HCP or 20 HCP balanced. PH 6
с 2	card Major 6-13 HCP or 6+ minor 15-17 HCP 2NT 1 st /2 nd 6+ ♦ 11-14 HCP one suited
_	2NT 3/4 5+/5+ minors 10-13 HCP
-	BNT Gambling in ANY suit with little outside strength
	$4 \div /4 \diamond 5-14$ HCP natural 6+ suit and a 5+ Major [C2]
	New suit RESP Constructive, NF, occasionally passed.
1	Fransfer RESP to simple overcalls
	SPECIAL FORCING PASS SEQUENCES
	When we know it is our hand (game values implied or shown)
F	Relay sequences with interference -shape/CTRL showing
Ι	MPORTANT NOTES
	n unclear situations we rely on similar agreements
	PSYCHICS: 1 or 2 per annum

7 h	F IAL	OF	NEG.DBL THRU					
OPENING	TICK IF ARTIFICIAI	MIN. NO. OF CARDS		DESCRIPTION	RESPONSES	SUBSEQUENT ACTION	COMPETITIVE & PASSED HAND BIDDING	
1*	\checkmark	0	ART	1 st /2 nd Any(14) 15+ HCP except bal 20HCP 3 rd /4 th Any 18+	1 ♦=7-9 or 10+ without 3 AK CTRL 1 ♥=0-6 1 ▲+ FG relay responses describing shape 1 ♦=4-6 1 ♥=0-3 1 ▲+ FG relay responses describing shape	1 ♣-1 ◆-1 ♥ FG Relay 1 ♣-1 ♥-2 ♣= ♦ or various strong hands 1 ♣-2 ♣-2 ♥+=shape define of (4333/4432)15- 17	Out of relay when 5 steps up in standard relay Pass/X are step responses and add room. [G1]	
1♦ [F1]	\checkmark	0		$1^{st/2^{nd}}$ 9- 6+ * or 2- 3 suited $3^{rd}/4^{th}$ 12-14 bal/ can have 5M or 3 suited 12-17 or 15-17 2 suited	$1 \neq = 4-5 \neq 1 \Rightarrow = FG$ relay $1NT = 4-5 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow = G/T$ no Major $2 \Rightarrow /2 \neq /2 \Rightarrow /2NT$ are $6+$ transfers to $\Rightarrow / \Rightarrow / \Rightarrow /3 \Rightarrow$ at least 4-3 mins P/C for opener's minor	$1 \leftarrow -1 \lor -2 \leftarrow = 3 \lor 1 \leftarrow -1$ NT- $2 \lor = 3 \diamondsuit$ Over 6+ transfers 2NT=puppet to $3 \clubsuit$ which insists on their suit or G/T 5422/6322	After1M overcall 1N=FG relay After 1NT+ overcall natural bidding. 2-4 ♣ always P/C	
1♥/♠		5	4♦	1 st /2 nd 9-14	1NT FG 1 ▲ 2 ♣ 2 ♦ NF but constructive 2 ▲ = G/T 3 + ♥ 2NT = 7-10 ▲ SPL 3 ♣ 3 ♦ = 7-10 SPL	$1 \checkmark -2 \checkmark$: Short suit game tries 2NT = G/T no singleton.	Interference-No relays	
1♥/♠		5	4♦	3 rd /4 th 13-17	1NTnat $2 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow NF$ but constructive 2NT=G/T 3+ SUP 3new suit SPL	$1 \bigstar -2 \bigstar$: Short suit game tries 2NT = G/T no singleton	PH Natural NF.	
1NT			3♦	1 st /2 nd 11-14 balanced 3 rd /4 th 15-17 semi-bal singleton poss	2♣ Stayman or FG 2♦2♥=TRF 2♠=G/T no MAJ 2NT=G/T with 4♥ 3♣3♦=PRE 3♥3♠= FG (13)(45)	1NT-2♣-2♦-2♠ 1NT-2♣-2♥-2♠ and 1NT-2♣-2♠-2NT are all artificial FG	Overcall-1 st X=T/O Lebensohl [A2]	
2 4 [C1]		1	NO	$1^{\text{st}/2^{\text{nd}}}$ 7-8 4 + 4-5 v or • $3^{\text{rd}/4^{\text{th}}}$ 5+ * 10–13 with 2nd suit	$2 \diamond 3 \diamond 3 \checkmark = P/C 2 \lor 2 \diamond = To play. 2NT = At least G/T 3 \diamond = Asks about \lor 3 \diamond = PRE$	After 2♣-2NT: 3♣=4♦ 3♦=5♦ 3♥=5♥ 3♣=4423 or 4432 3NT=4414		
2♦	\checkmark	0	NO	4-8 6M or 20 Balanced 3 rd /4 th 6-13 6M or 15-17 6m	2 ♥ 2 ♠ 3 ♥ 3 ♠=P/C 2NT=at least G/T 3 ♣=Long Maj 3 ♦=44 Maj 12+ 3NT=44 Maj 5-11	After 2♦-2NT: 3♣=Bal20 or AveM 3♦=Min ♥ 3♥=Min ♠ 3♣= Max ♥ 3NT= Max ♠, 4 level 20 w 5 card suit. 4S= 5S,2H,3,3,4C	PH all P/C Over interference x=PEN	
2♥/♠ 1 st /2nd		5 exactly	NO	NV 6-9 hcp 5 suit Less than 4 in oM. V=4-5 minor	Suits Nat NF. 2NT At least G/T Raise to 3 = PRE	After 2NT:3♣=Min 0-2 oM 3♦=Min 3 oM 3♥=max<20M 3♠=max 20M 3NT=max30M	X=PEN	
2♥/♠ 3 rd /4th		5	NO	10-13 5+ suit and 4+ other	2NT At least G/T Raise to $3 = PRE$	After 2NT:3 \Rightarrow = Min \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow = Min \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow = Max \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow =Max \Rightarrow 3NT= Max 3 oM		
2NT	\checkmark		NO	$1^{st}/2^{nd}$ 11-14 6+ \blacklozenge and no other suit $3^{rd}/4^{th}$ 10-13 5+/5+m	3 ♣ =GT,3♥/ ≜ =5+FG 4 ♣ /♥/ ≜ =SPL P/C	After 2NT-3 ♣ -3 ♥ / ≜ =6+GT	X=PEN	
3*		6	NO	6-9(10) PRE 3 rd /4 th 6-13(14)	Natural/forcing		X=PEN	
3♦		6	NO	As above	4. = Attitude Key card – Responses start at 1 and rep	peating suit is discouraging not a number of key	cards	
3♥/♠		7	NO	As above	4. = Attitude Key card			
3NT			NO	Gambling - any suit	All suit bids are P/C			
4 ♣ [C2]		6	NO	6+ * and 5 Maj 5-14 HCP	4♦=Slam Try 4♥/4♠=P/C 4NT=RKCB in ♣			
4♦[C2]		6	NO	6+♦ and 5 Maj 5-14 HCP	$4 \checkmark /4 \triangleq P/C 4NT = RKCB in \\ \bullet 5 \triangleq Slam Try Major$			
4♥/♠		7	NO	Natural Pre-empt	4NT = RKCB 3041			
4NT	\checkmark		Dble = No Aces	Specific Ace ask	5 = No Ace 5 $\diamond =$ Ace 5NT=A 6 = 2 colour 6 $\diamond =$ 2 rank 6 $\forall =$ 2 other 6 $\diamond =$ 3 aces			
5♣/♦		7	NO	6-9(10) PRE		HIGH LEVEL BII	DDING	

NCBO: New Zealand PLAYERS: Patrick <u>Carter</u> Julie <u>Atkinson</u> EVENT Mixed PAGE 1

A CONVENTIONS USED

1. <u>After 1NT-Double</u>

- Pass Asks partner to pass with maximum and redouble or bid a 5 card suit with minimum. After redouble 2* is for 4 card suits upwards and other bids are natural sign offs. If they overcall only our first double is takeout.
- Redouble Any 5+ suit. Opener bids 2* and responder passes or converts.
- 2 level The lowest suit of a 2 suiter. Usually 4-4, but might be 5-5 or 5-4 if choosing to show 2 suits rather than just play in the 5 card suit.
- 2. Prepared to compete in spades.
- 2NT This is initially just to play at the 3 level with both minors, but if it takes another bid is any exceptional two suiter any suits.
- 3 level Pre-emptive.

2. LEBSENOHL AFTER DOUBLE

When responding to partner's takeout double (not a responsive or a negative double) of $2 \checkmark$ or $2 \bigstar$:

A) If double is at partner's first turn to bid (or partner's previous bids were all doubles) then 2NT is a transfer to 3* to either pass or bid another suit with a weaker hand than bidding 3 of that suit directly. If forced to bid (e.g. 2*-Double-Pass) 2NT is very weak and bidding direct has some values. If not forced to bid (e.g. 1*-Double-2*) 2NT has some values, bidding direct, is stronger, but not forcing.

B) If partner's double is not at their first turn to bid (it doesn't matter whether their first turn was pass, bid or double) then 2NT asks partner for their best minor.

C) Exception: --- Passing over a Multi 2 + then doubling is a type A situation

3. LEAPING MICHAELS

After natural 2 v and s bids then a leap to 4m shows the bid minor 5+ and the unbid Major 5+. We don't play non-leaping Michaels.

B LEADS AND SIGNALS

1 OPENING LEADS

Firsts, thirds and fifths with occasional fourths. However, If the length of the suit is known from the bidding (for instance after opening 2 v or 2 k) then the lead will be attitude (the lower the card the better the suit). Overlead honours EXCEPT when asking for unblock. E.g Q= QJ or KQT.

LATER LEADS

When returning partner's suit you lead the highest of two remaining or original 4th highest. Attitude when switching to a new suit. (Lower card equals better suit).

SIGNALS

Reverse count (high/low with an odd number), reverse attitude (low encouraging) and normal suit preference (high for the higher ranking of the other suits).

Signal what you think partner wants to know in any given situation. A high/low in trumps asks partner to lead the lowest unplayed side suit. When playing against weak opposition give the true count almost all the time, but false card more frequently against strong opponents.

C BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE A DEFENCE

24 1st/2nd 44 and a 4-5 card RED suit 7-10 HCP

- 2 Says to pass or correct to 2 V. With 4441 opener usually chooses the strongest suit, but 2 V if they are about equal. Responder rebidding 3 A next round is sign off with long diamonds.
- 2 Non forcing, but if is opener's 2nd suit they can bid as per $1 \checkmark -2 \checkmark$.
- 2♠ Sign off
- 2NT Forcing enquiry. At least a game try.

3. Short or long hearts. Responses: $3 \neq =1 \forall 3 \forall =2 \forall 3 \Rightarrow = \forall xxx 3NT = \forall Hxx or any 4+ After a 3 \Rightarrow rebid 3 \forall from the responder is sign off.$

- 3 To play in 3 of partner's red suit.
- 3• Pass or correct for partner's red suit
- 3▲ Pre-emptive.
- 3NT To play.
- 4♣ 4♦ 4♥ Slam try splinters with spade support.

NCBO: New Zealand PLAYERS: Patrick <u>Carter</u> Julie <u>Atkinson</u> EVENT Mixed PAGE 2

C2 4 6 + 4 and 5+Major

RESPONSES TO 4

4 Slam try. If opener accepts they roll from 4NT to show the shape.

4NT = hearts, 5 = 5026, 5 = 5116, 5 = 5206, 2 controls, etc

4 ¥ 4 A Pass or Correct. 4 A may be a slam try in hearts, but may be just a choice between the black suits, so opener should not go past 5 but can treat it as a slam try if partner makes another bid.
 4NT RKCB for clubs

RESPONSES TO 4 • 6+• and 5+M

4♥ 4♠ Pass or Correct.

4NT RKCB for diamonds.

5. Slam try opposite either major. 5. is ordinary Blackwood with first step being 2 Aces

D1 <u>RESPONDING TO OVERCALL</u>

A new suit not bypassed by the overcall is a 1 round force. To bid a suit that was bypassed by the overcall you transfer to it. Partner accepts even with a singleton. The transfer is only non-forcing if they have a 6+ suit. Transferring and then returning to the overcall is doubleton support and encouraging but not forcing. Transferring and then naturally bidding the only remaining suit is a one round force.

Transferring to partner's overcall is the equivalent of an Unassuming Cue Bid. Direct raises are pre-emptive. Jumps either in a new suit or a cue bid are splinters with game try values. Transfer advances remain on if opener's partner bids anything up to and including 2 of opener's suit. In the case of that raise to 2 the transfer to the next suit is shown with a double.

D2 DEFENCE TO A 1NT OPENING

- Double 11+ points with hearts and another (at least 4-4) or 16+ with a single suiter in hearts. 2* is probing for the 2nd suit and denies holding three hearts.
- 24/2 11+ points with at least 4-4 in the bid suit and spades. A new suit is not forcing.
- 2 Natural 5+ with 11-15 points. A new suit is a one round force and 2NT is invitational.
- 2. Natural 5+ with 11+ points. A new suit is a one round force and 2NT is invitational.
- 2NT Normal overcall with 5-5 in the minors or a game forcing 2 suiter with any two suits.
- 3 level Natural and pre-emptive.

H1 DEFENCE TO THE MULTI 2•

2¥	Takeout of hearts
Double	Takeout of spades
2	Natural
2NT	16-18
3level	Natural

D3 DEFENCE TO 1. / 1. SHOWING VAND 1. / 1. SHOWING

All overcalls are made as though the opponents had actually opened the suit they are showing. e.g. Over 1 • which shows spades, a 2 • bid is just treated as a simple overcall, as though the auction had gone (1 •) 2 •. Double is takeout bid of their major, and says diamonds are better than clubs.

Bidding 1 of their suit is also takeout and says clubs are better than diamonds.

Where there is a gap between the suit bid and the suit shown. i.e. 1 + showing hearts (the gap is 1 +) or 1 + showing spades (the gap is 1 +) then we use a bid of the gap suit to show a 5+ minor along with 4 cards in the major they haven't shown. In this situation club bids by partner are correctable. This style of defence also applies against opponents who play transfer responses to their non-Precision style 1 + opening as long as the 1 + is announced as being 2 + (or less). Against opponents who use transfer responses in that situation but guarantee at least 3 clubs the cue bid is still takeout, but the double of the transfer is lead directing.

NCBO: New Zealand PLAYERS: Patrick <u>Carter</u> Julie <u>Atkinson</u> EVENT Mixed PAGE 3

F 1 RESPONSES TO 1st/2nd 1 +

- 1♥ 4 or 5 hearts. 1 round force.
- 1♠ Game Force. Opener uses the 1 ♦ relay. 2 control minimum.
- 1NT 4-5 spades. Non-forcing. Can only be passed with a minimum.
- 2♣ Game Try. No 4 card major. 3+/3+ minors unless 3352 or 3325 Opener's 2♥/2♠ is at least average with feature looking for 3NT.
 - 2 2 2 2 2 + -2 + is a half stop. In all these sequences 2NT is used as a game try with the expectation that if the invite to 3NT is not accepted then depending on who bid 2NT opener will bid 3 of their minor or responder will bid 3 + pass/correct for the minor. Opener's 2NT is average (not min or max) with both majors held. 3 + = pass/correct if not bidding 3NT. 2NT only possible at pairs. Responder can also bid 3 + /3 + as short suit tries for 5 + /5 + Opener's direct 3 + /3 + = min 6 + suit. 3 + /3 + = max with splinter
- After 3♣/3♦ responder can bid major suit stops probing for 3NT
- 2 < 2

 6+ suit transfers. Super accept = min with support. A new suit is shortage and average or better with support. 2NT=puppet to 32 either insisting on opener's long suit or avg+ with support but no shortage. If opener accepts the transfer a new suit is a game try with 6-4 shape or better. If responder bids 2NT after the transfer has been accepted it is natural, probably 6322, but could be 6331. After the 2NT rebid opener can sign off in a 6 card minor if they have singleton or void in the transferred suit.
- 2. 6+ clubs. Opener bids 2NT with a maximum.
- 2NT 6+ diamonds, GT. Opener bids 3 & with 6+ clubs minimum.
- 3. Pre-emptive raise partner's minor or better minor.
- 3 ♦ Pre-emptive with 6+ diamonds.
- 4. 5. Pre-emptive for opener's better minor.

G Others

1 REVERSE RELAYS

After an initial relay response of 2* or less to a 15+1* opening, a break from the relay shows 15-17 balanced with 4+ controls. The step for 2* on the 1* relay will be the same as 2 steps above partner's last bid.

INTERFERENCE WITH THE RELAY

If the opponents bid or double then pass becomes the 1st step, double or redouble is the 2nd step and the cheapest bid is the 3rd step, etc.

If their overcall is one whole level higher than THE BID ON THE 1 RELAY which is the EQUIVALENT OF THE LAST BID MADE, then we are out of relay and use natural bidding. The overcall would be 5 or more steps higher than the equivalent of the last bid in any other relay. For example if our last bid was the equivalent of 2 we would be out of relay if they bid 3 +, but not if they only bid 3 +.

(**NOTE**: our bid doesn't actually have to be 2 •, because we may already be steps up or down after earlier interference, we make the calculation based on what our bid would have been without that earlier interference) If the controller doubles or redoubles instead of passing it is for penalties. Then the cheapest suit is either a 2nd step (weak) relay, or as the 1st step of a reverse relay.